

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN

(11)Publication number : 02-179880

(43)Date of publication of application : 12.07.1990

(51)Int.Cl.

C23C 18/00

(21)Application number : 63-335057

(71)Applicant : TOYO SANZO KK

(22)Date of filing : 29.12.1988

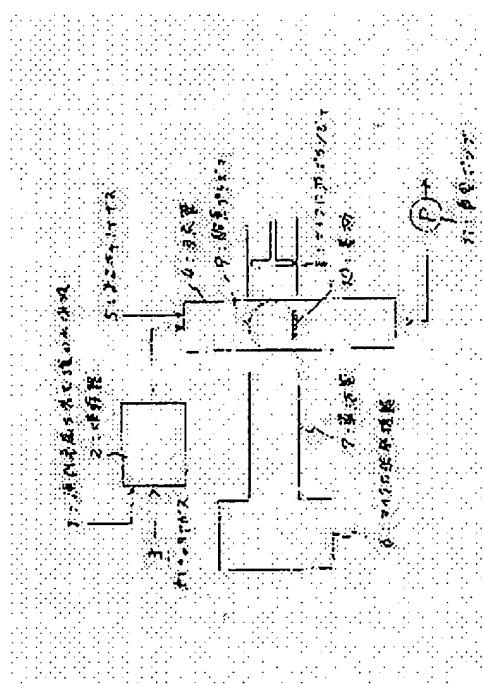
(72)Inventor : KOKETSU AKINORI
KAMIOKA YASUHARU
SEKI HISASHI

(54) PRODUCTION OF THIN OXIDE CERAMIC SUPERCONDUCTING FILM

(57)Abstract:

PURPOSE: To form a thin oxide ceramic superconducting film by a simple process by spraying an aq. soln. of salts contg. metals as starting materials, feeding the resulting mist into oxygen plasma and depositing formed oxide ceramic on a substrate.

CONSTITUTION: An ag. soln. 1 of salts contg. metals as starting materials is introduced into a sprayer 2 and sprayed by ultrasonic spraying or other method to form mist of about $0.3\text{-}2.0\mu\text{m}$ particle size. This mist is introduced into the upper part of a reaction tube 4 with a first carrier gas 3 and a second carrier gas 5 is also introduced into the upper part. At this time, gaseous oxygen for generating oxygen plasma is incorporated into one or both of the carrier gases 3, 6 and the tube 4 is evacuated by a vacuum pump 11. Microwaves from a microwave oscillator 6 are guided with a waveguide 7, passed through the tube 4 and returned to the tube 4 by a plunger 8 to generate oxygen plasma 9. A thin oxide ceramic film having superior superconducting characteristics is formed on a substrate 10 set under the oxygen plasma generating region with high productivity.



PAT-NO: JP402179880A
DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: JP 02179880 A
TITLE: PRODUCTION OF THIN OXIDE CERAMIC
SUPERCONDUCTING FILM
PUBN-DATE: July 12, 1990

INVENTOR- INFORMATION:

NAME
KOKETSU, AKINORI
KAMIOKA, YASUHARU
SEKI, HISASHI

ASSIGNEE- INFORMATION:

NAME COUNTRY
TOYO SANSO KK N/A

APPL-NO: JP63335057

APPL-DATE: December 29, 1988

INT-CL (IPC): C23C018/00

US-CL-CURRENT: 505/809

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